#### U.S. Energy Market Outlook















for

The Energy Forum

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by

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# My vision for the next four years at the Energy Information Administration

#### Basic principles:

- Better, faster, and cheaper data collection
   & analysis
- Adopt best practices
- More good people

#### EIA website: a wealth of data and analysis

Today in Energy articles highlight a wide range of energy related topics:

- Key findings from EIA reports
- Technological impacts
- Current events and trends

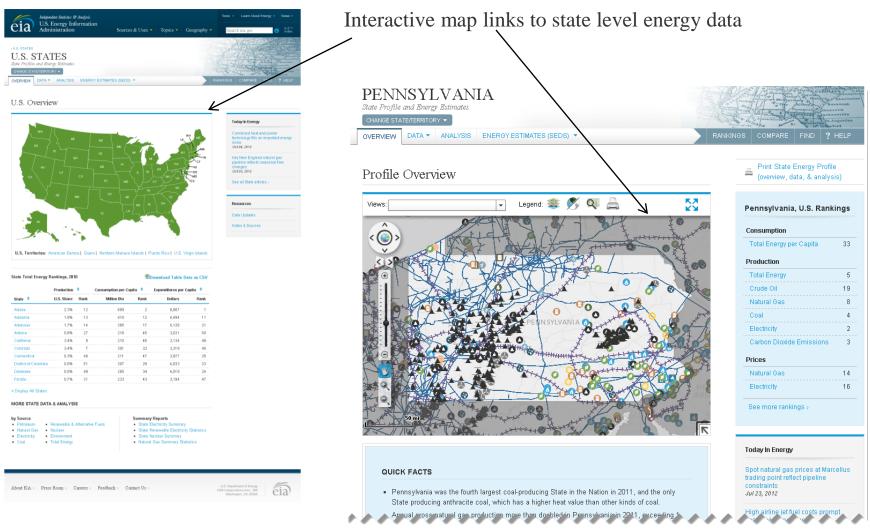








# EIA updates state level datasets with mapping features and energy infrastructure datasets

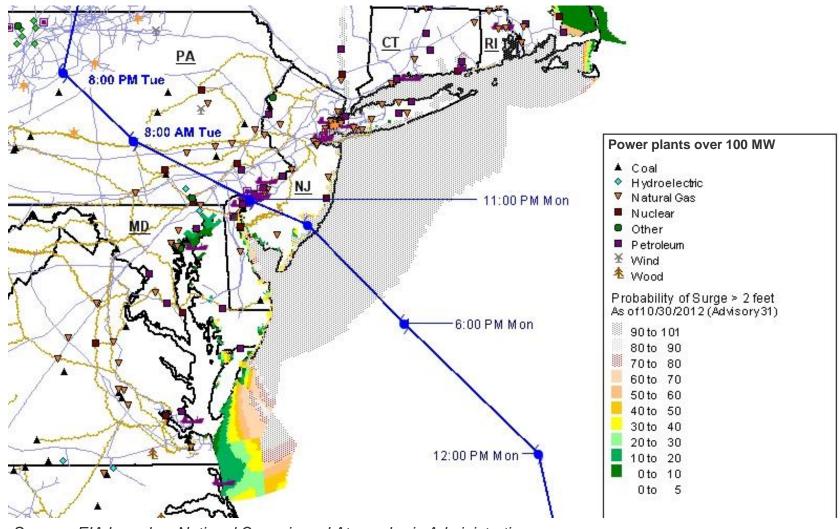


Source: EIA

### EIA's Hurricane Sandy reporting

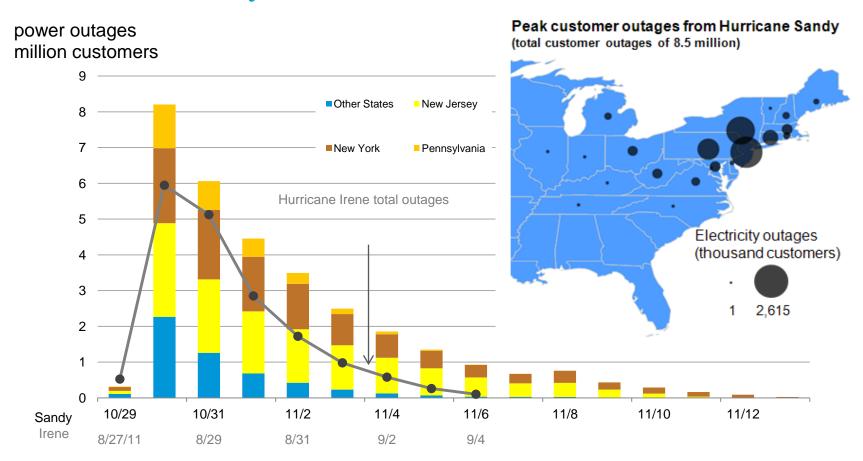


# Significant energy infrastructure was threatened by the storm surge from Hurricane Sandy



Source: EIA based on National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

# Electric customer outages and restoration times from Hurricane Sandy



Source: EIA based on U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Electricity Delivery and Reliability situation reports. Data reflects reports available through November 13.

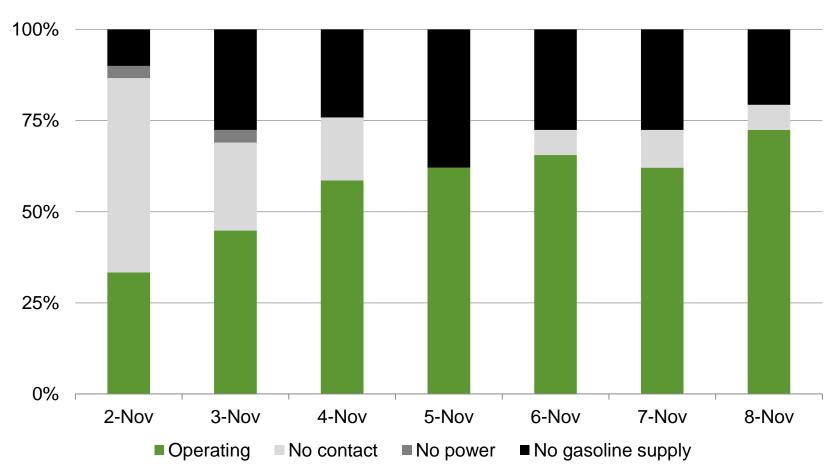
# New York City metropolitan area covered by emergency survey



Source: EIA Emergency Gasoline Availability Survey

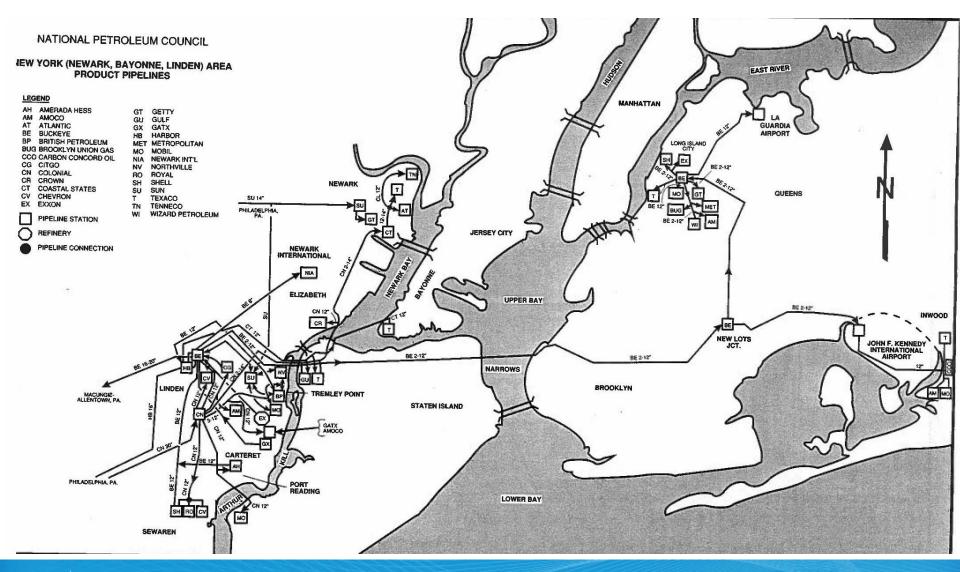
# New York City metropolitan area gas station availability

percent of gas stations



Source: EIA Emergency Gasoline Availability Survey

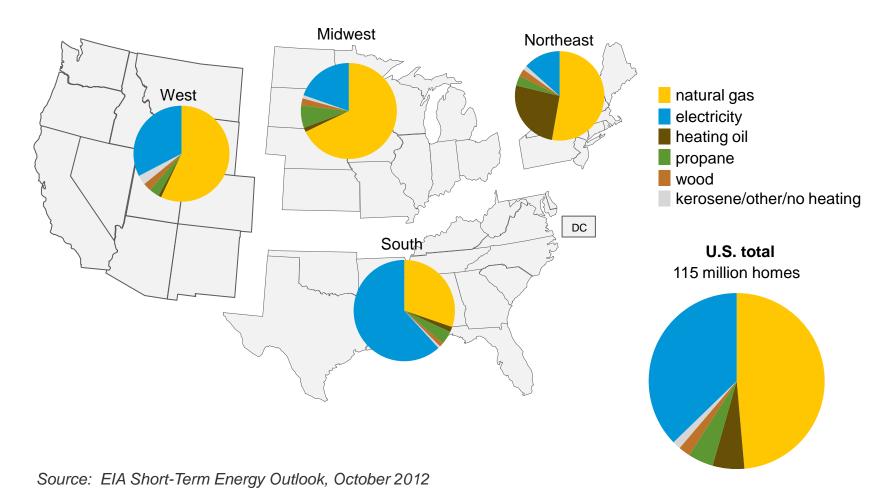
#### New York harbor pipelines and terminals



# Recent changes in the heating oil market

#### Heating fuel market shares vary regionally

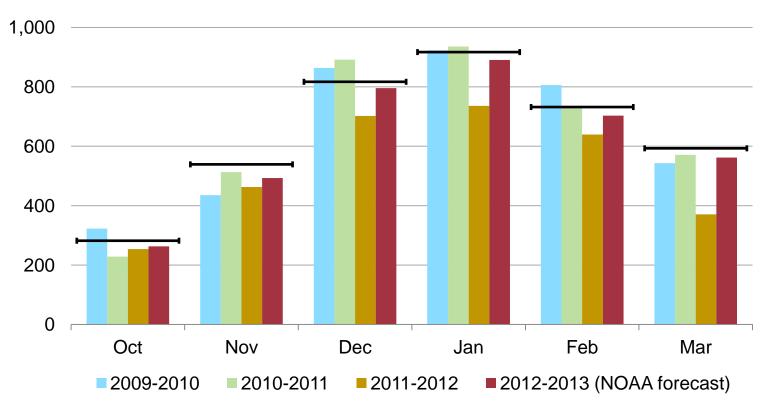
Number of homes by primary space heating fuel and Census Region, winter 2012-13





### The U.S. winter 2012-13 heating season forecast is about 4% warmer than the 30-year average, but 17% colder than last winter

U.S. current population-weighted heating degree-days



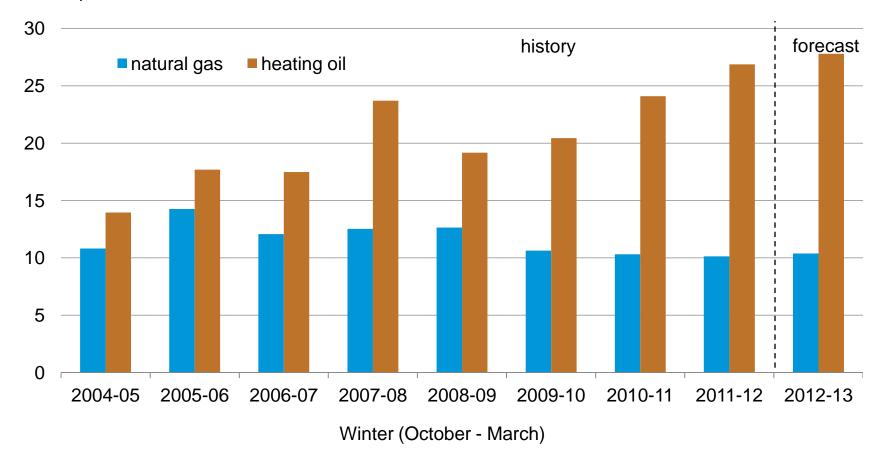
Note: Horizontal bars indicate monthly average degree days over the period 1981-2010.

Source: EIA calculations based on NOAA state history and forecasts (November 26, 2012) weighted by same-year populations.

#### Heating oil remains much more expensive than natural

gas

U.S. average residential winter heating fuel prices dollars per million Btu

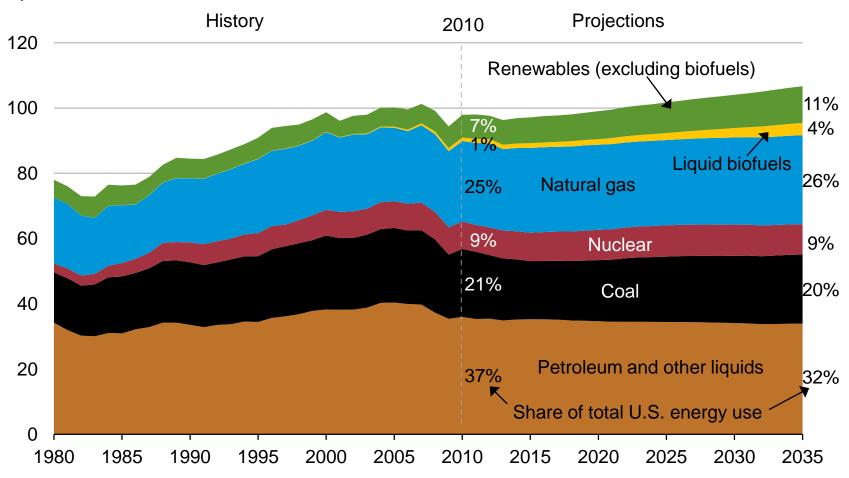


Source: EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook, November 2012

# Key issues in the domestic fuel markets

### Primary energy use by fuel, 1980-2035 ...in absolute terms, all fuels grow except petroleum liquids

U.S. energy consumption quadrillion Btu



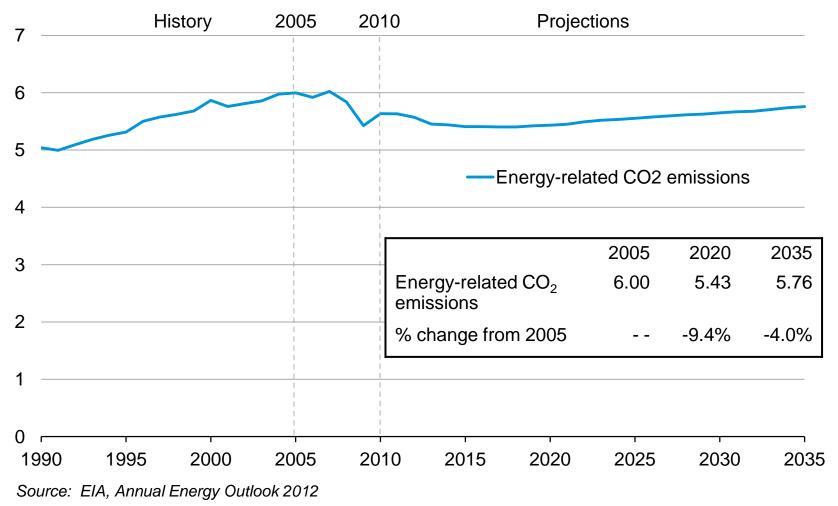
Source: EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2012



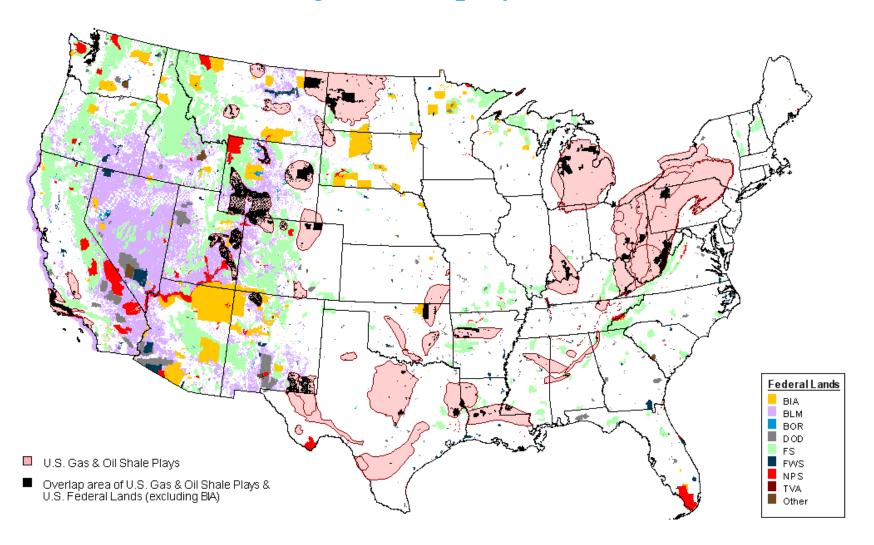
#### Energy-related CO<sub>2</sub> emissions never get back to prerecession levels in the *AEO2012* Reference case

energy carbon dioxide emissions

billion metric tons

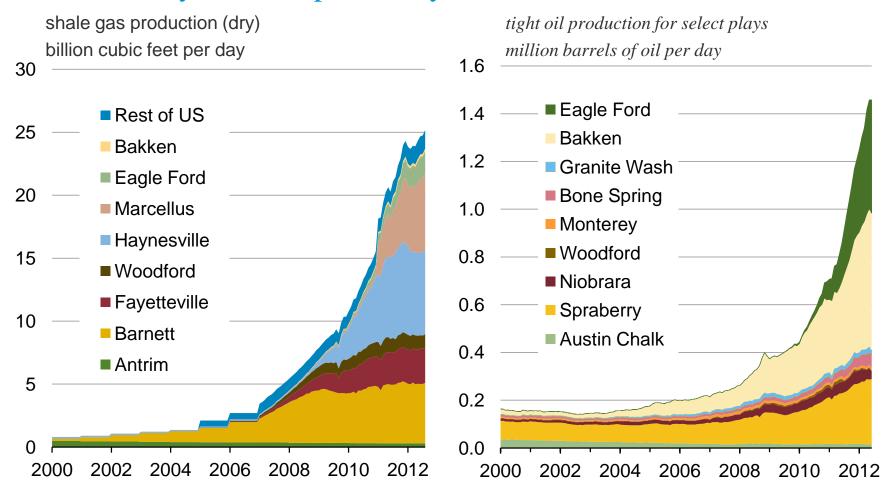


#### Lower 48 oil and gas shale plays and federal lands



Source: U.S. Geological Survey, U.S. Department of the Interior 's National Atlas of the United States

### Domestic production of shale gas and tight oil has grown dramatically over the past few years



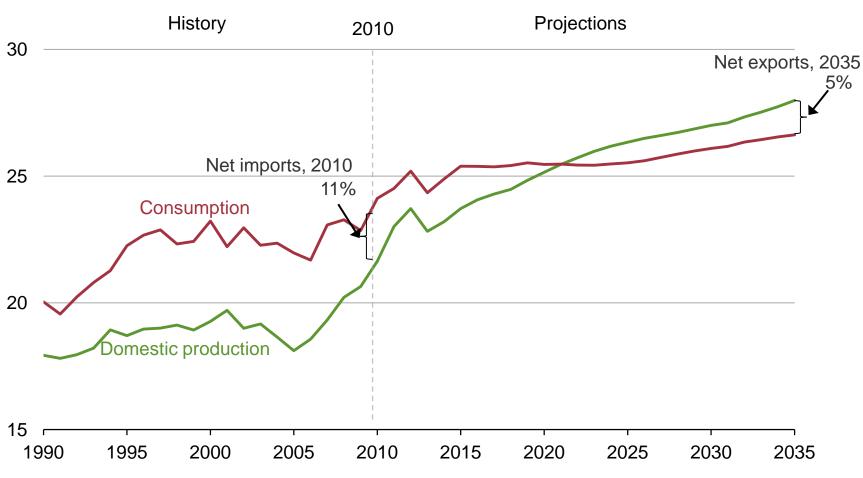
Sources shale gas: Lippman Consulting, Inc. gross withdrawal estimates as of August 2012 and converted to dry production estimates with EIA-calculated average gross-to-dry shrinkage factors by state and/or shale play.

Source tight oil: HPDI, Texas RRC, North Dakota department of mineral resources, and EIA, through June 2012.



#### U.S. becomes a net natural gas exporter in 2022

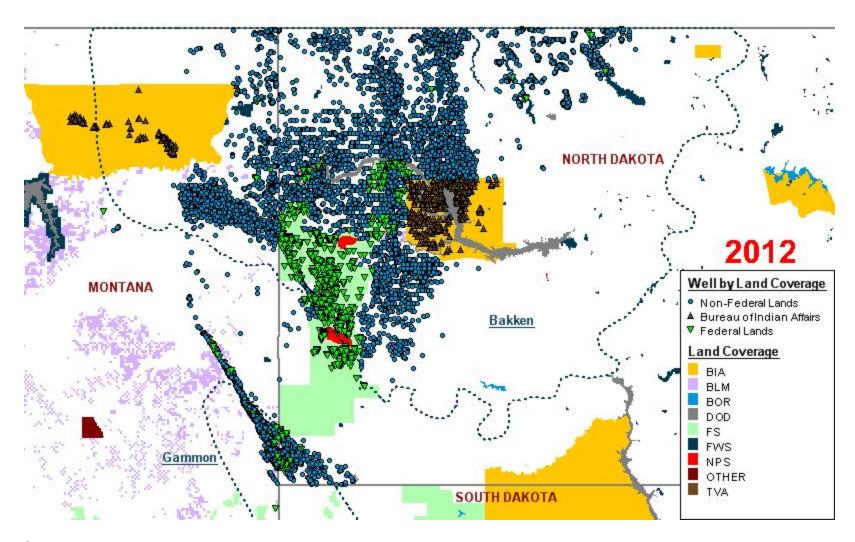
U.S. dry natural gas trillion cubic feet



Source: EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2012



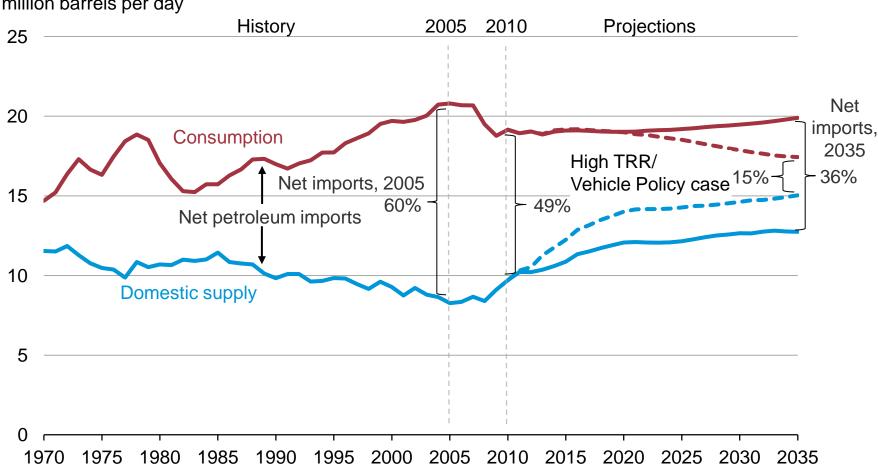
## Bakken production on federal, non-federal and BIA lands



Source: EIA

## U.S. dependence on imported petroleum declines ...moves even lower in various side case scenarios

U.S. liquid fuel supply million barrels per day



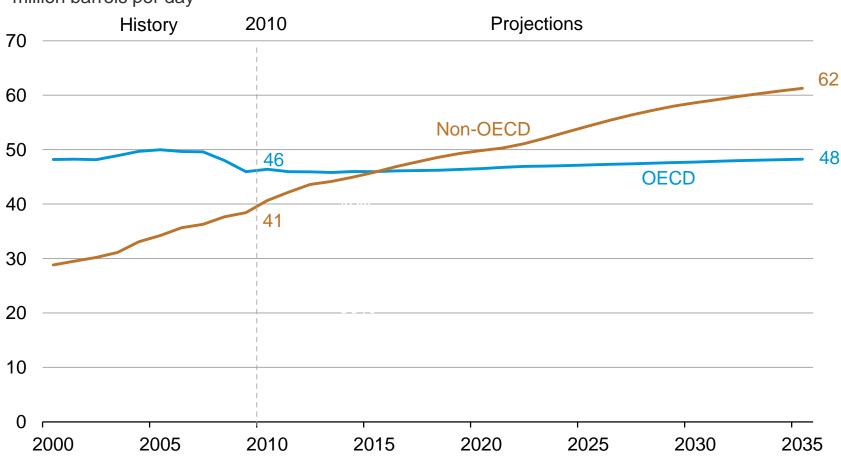
Source: EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2012



### Key issues in the global oil markets

# Non-OECD liquid fuels use is expected to surpasses almost flat OECD liquid fuels use in the near future

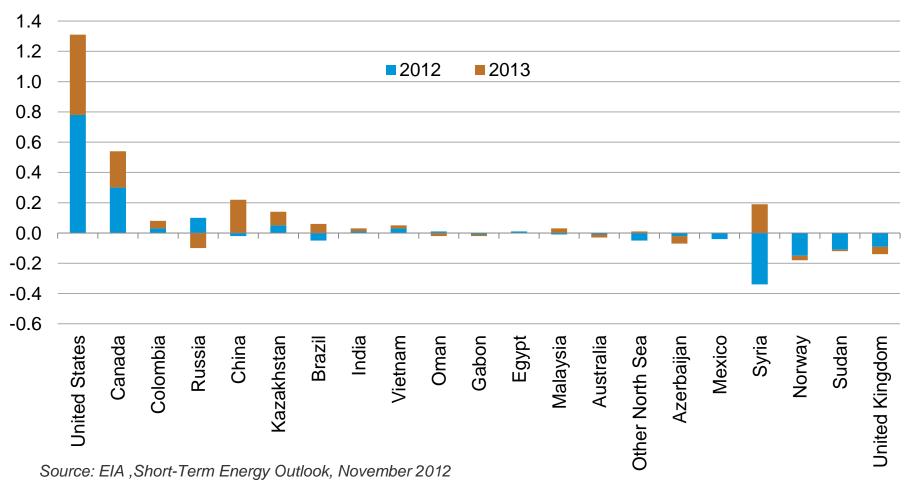
total liquids consumption million barrels per day



Source: EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2012

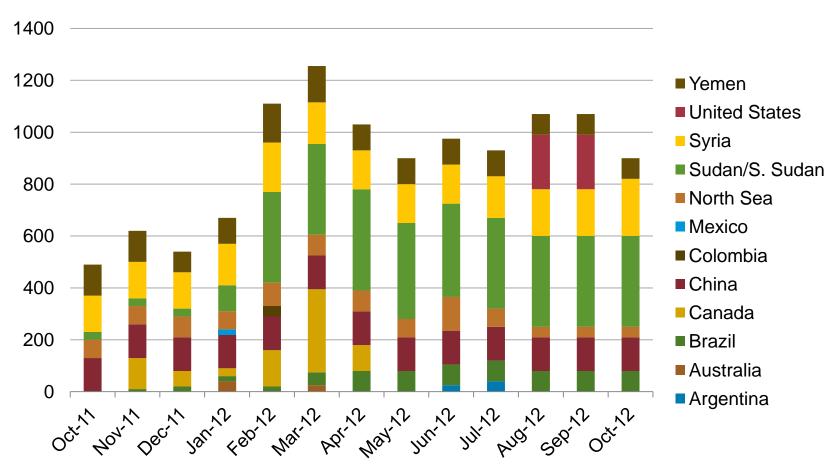
# U.S. leads the league table for non-OPEC crude oil and liquid fuels growth over the next two years

change in production from previous year million barrels per day



## Estimated unplanned production disruptions among non-OPEC producers, through October 2012

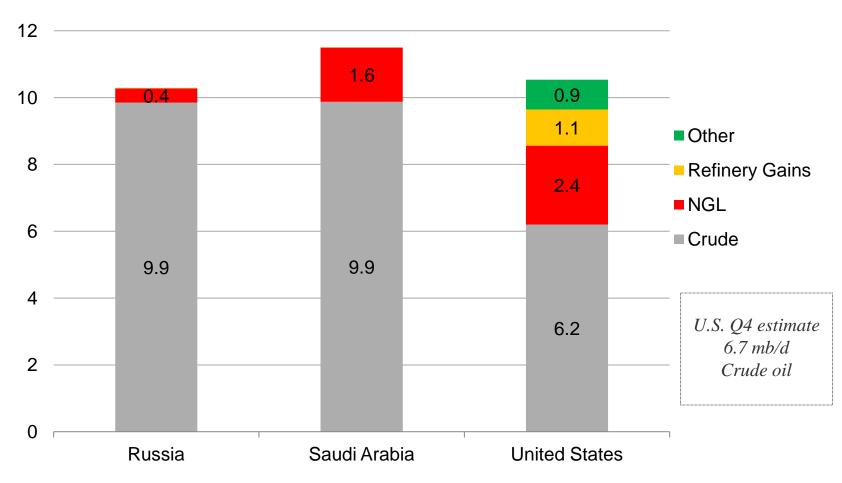
thousand barrels per day



Source: EIA Availability and Price of Petroleum and Petroleum Products Produced in Countries Other Than Iran Report, October 2012

#### 2012 oil production

million barrels per day

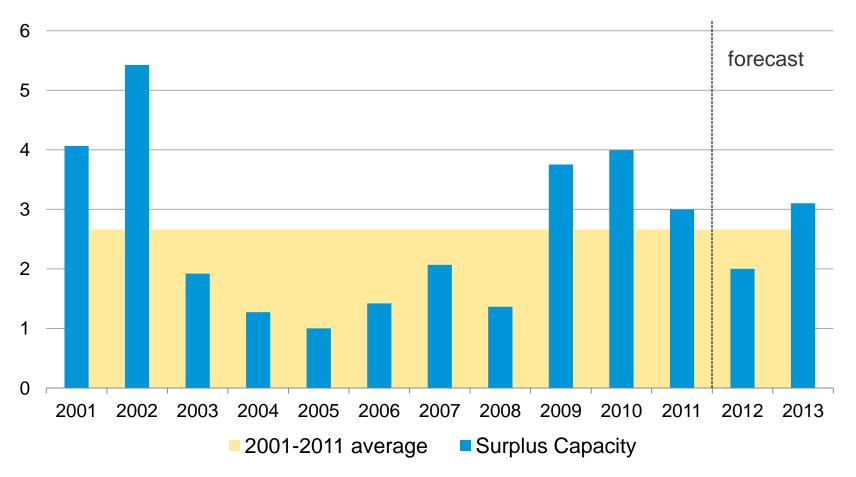


Source: EIA, data through June 2012



#### OPEC surplus crude oil production capacity

million barrels per day



Source: EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook, November 2012

#### Systemic energy security risk issues

- Oil choke points
- Natural disasters
- Electric reliability concerns
- Refining capacity outages
- Other energy infrastructure issues

#### For more information

U.S. Energy Information Administration home page | www.eia.gov

Short-Term Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/steo

Annual Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/aeo

International Energy Outlook | www.eia.gov/ieo

Monthly Energy Review | www.eia.gov/mer

Today in Energy | www.eia.gov/todayinenergy

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